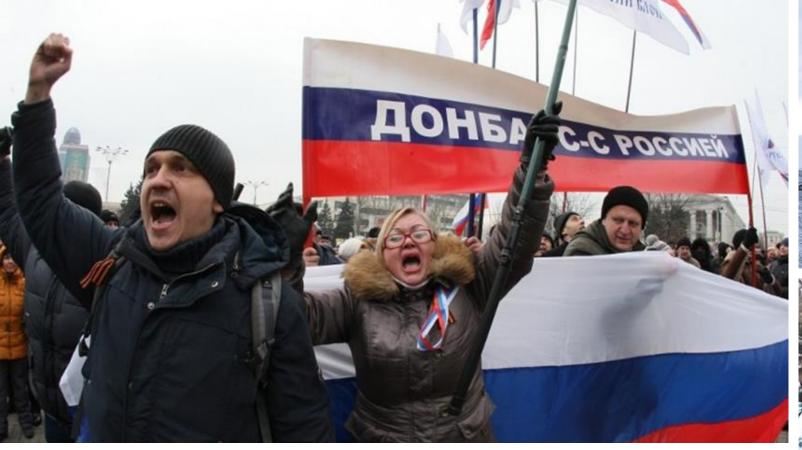


GAMING HYBRID WARFARE CYBER OPERATIONS

DR. ROGER MASON

```
i i
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LECMgt
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```
_________ modifier_ob__
  mirror object to mirror
mirror_mod.mirror_object
 peration == "MIRROR_X":
irror_mod.use_x = True
mirror_mod.use_y = False
_____mod.use_z = False
 operation == "MIRROR_Y"
!rror_mod.use_x = False
lrror_mod.use_y = True
 lrror_mod.use_z = False
  _operation == "MIRROR_Z"
  rror_mod.use_x = False
  rror_mod.use_y = False
  rror_mod.use_z = True
  melection at the end -add
   ob.select= 1
   er ob.select=1
   ntext.scene.objects.action
   "Selected" + str(modified
    rror ob.select = 0
  bpy.context.selected_obj
   ata.objects[one.name].se
  int("please select exaction
  --- OPERATOR CLASSES ----
   X mirror to the selected ject.mirror_mirror_x"
     pes.Operator):
```







WHAT IS HYBRID WARFARE?







CURRENT LEADER INTACTICAL CYBER OPERATIONS?

RUSSIA

The Russians have deployed offensive cyber actions during hybrid warfare operations. (Vladislov Surkov)

- Estonia 2007
- Georgia 2008
- Crimea 2014
- Syria 2017-18

FOUR LEVELS OF RUSSIAN TACTICAL CYBER

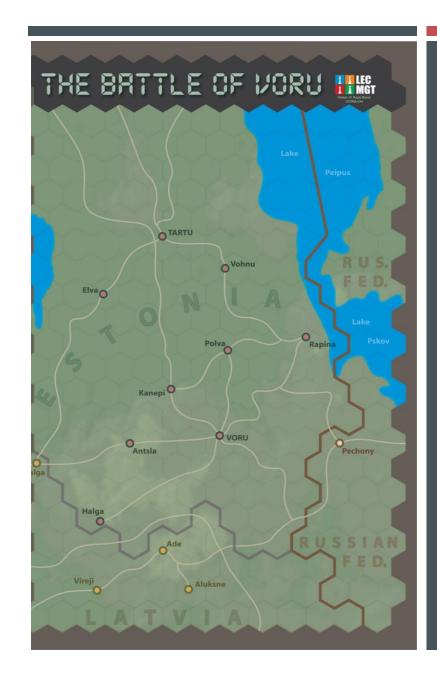
- Battalion Tactical Group
- Special Ops (Spetsnaz, "Little Green Men."
- Proxies (Night Wolves, protestors, contractors)
- Agents











HOWTO DESIGNA GAME WITHTACTICAL CYBER

THE BATTLE OF VORU



BATTLE OF VORU

 A hypothetical scenario involving a Russian hybrid warfare attack on southern Estonia. The objectives include capturing a corridor isolating Estonia from Latvia and destroying a US Air Force Global Hawk base in Voru.



START WITH FOUR BACKGROUND ASSESSMENTS

The combatants:

- The kinetic capabilities.
- The cyber capabilities.
- Operational cyber requirements.
- Rules of engagement.

KINETIC CAPABILITIES

NATO Battalion Task Force

Estonian Defense Forces, Police/Militia Forces

Russian Forces

- Battalion Tactical Group
- Special Ops: Spetsnaz
- Proxies: Protestors, Night Wolves













CYBER REQUIREMENTS

- **NATO**: Relies on a high level of cyber support
- **Estonia**: Uses cyber for communication, technology and capability work-arounds.
- Russians: Have very limited cyber requirements

RULES OF ENGAGEMENT

■ NATO: NATO follows the Geneva Convention and the International Humanitarian law. This includes cyber operations.

Russia: To achieve the objective any operation or action is permissible.





BATTLE OF VORU: THE RUSSIANS

- The Russian conventional forces are organized into battalion tactical groups.
- The Russians have the option of grey-area operations prior to conventional attacks. They can conduct cyber attacks against Estonian and NATO forces.
- The Russians can attack critical infrastructure to degrade wireless communications, public information, and electrical utilities.
- Russians can employ their proxies to shield their maneuver forces or block NATO forces.



BATTLE OF VORU: NATO

- NATO forces have special forces in place as a trip wire.
- Estonia civil forces can confront proxy operations
- NATO units have limited Cyber Electromagnetic Activities (CEMA) teams.
- The Estonian forces have specialized cyber defense units.

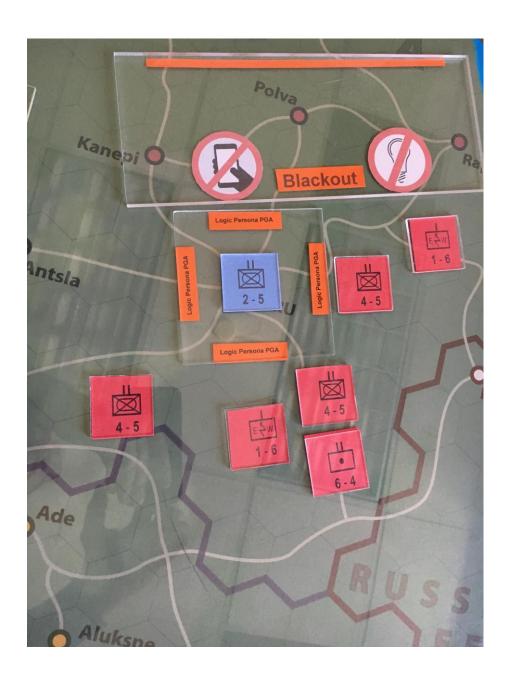


BATTLE OF VORU

The game includes:

- UAVs
- Air Operations
- Civilians





EXAMPLE OF PLAY

- Russians forces have deployed a rolling barrage blacking out wireless communications in front of their forces.
- They have launched a logic persona attack on an Estonia unit.

QUESTIONS?

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